Graduate Writing Lab



VERB TENSES (OVERVIEW)

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Definition: Verb tenses are used to express time (past, present, future) in writing.

There are **six** main types of verb tenses:

| Verb tense | example | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| 1. Simple present | They take the bus to school. | |
| 2. Present perfect | They have taken the bus to school. | |
| 3. Simple past | They took the bus to school. | |
| 4. Past perfect | They had taken the bus to school. | |
| 5. Future | They will take the bus to school. | |
| 6. Future perfect | They will have taken the bus to school. | |

1. Simple present

Use to show same-time action.



I **am** excited to go to the beach because I **love** to swim.

Use with past-tense verb to show earlier action (or future-tense verb to show later action?).



I **know** that I **aced** the exam.

2. Present perfect

Designates action that began in the past but will continue into the future.
 This tense implies that the action is ongoing.



She **has been** a PhD student for three years.

My dog **has chewed** most of my shoes.

3. Simple past

Used to show a completed past action.



She ran five miles.

Can be used with present tense to show a general truth.



Ancient Greek philosophers knew that the earth is round.

4. Past perfect

- Use when an action is completed (at some point) before another action.

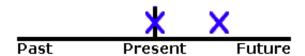


He gave a presentation to the class about the book he **had read**.

I had cleaned my apartment by the time my parents arrived.

5. Future

Use with present tense to show action happening at the same time.



I will be happy if my Amazon package comes today.

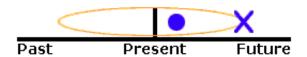
Use with past tense to show earlier action.



You **will pass** the exam if you **studied** hard.

6. Future perfect

 Designates action that will have been completed at a specified time in the future.



By May 10th, I will have graduated Law School.



I will have saved up enough money for a down payment by June.

Exercises

Choose the correct verb tense for each sentence.

1. I [will be] [am] [be] turning 30 on my next birthday.

2. I [had completed] [completed] the homework before the due date.

3. My teacher explained to me why the sky [is] [was] [will be] blue.

4. You will go to jail because you [committed] [will commit] [commit] a crime.

| By the end of my training program, I [will have run] [will have ran] [ran] a total of 100 miles. |
|--|
| Two years ago, she [moved] [will move] [move] across the country. |
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| ditional information on verb tenses, please refer to the additional Yale Graduate g Center resources: |
| Future Tenses Perfect Tense Simple vs. Continuous Tense Modal Verbs |
| |

| Sources: Purdue English Page "Ve | e OWL, <u>https://ow</u> erb Tense Tutorial. | l.english.purdue. http://www.eng | edu/owl/, Yale GW lishpage.com/verb | /C tutorials <u>.</u> opage/verbtenseintro.htn | nl. |
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