## Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives

Memory/Knowledge: The student must recall or recognise information: facts, definitions, generalisations, values, and skills.

Acquire Cluster Define Name/Label Observe Record Recount

Describe (from memory) Identify

Read Recall Repeat Reproduce Sort Write

List Match Repeat Recognise

Examples:

Objective:

Participants will be able to define five leadership styles.

Test question: List the five leadership styles covered in class and provide a thorough definition of each.

Outline/Format Given

Comprehension: The student changes information into words or symbols of his/her own, such as, pictures, graphs, charts, maps, models, poems, outlines, summaries, detailed statements, technical statements, or lay language. The student also is able to discover relationships among facts, generalisations, definitions, values, and skills. The relationships may be cause-effect, comparative, or a theory and the supporting evidence. A value, skill, or definition may be related to an example of its use.

Associate Conclude Discuss Extend
Generalise
Give Examples
Give In Own Words

Paraphrase Rearrange Restate Summarise

Document Explain

Infer Interpret

Examples:

Express

Objective:

Participants will be able to summarise, in their own words, and give examples, indicating the

importance of worldview in leadership development.

Test question:

The worldview(s) of both leaders and followers has an effect on leadership. Explain this effect,

and give examples that support your rationale.

Application: The student solves a lifelike problem that requires the identification of the issue and the selection and use of appropriate generalisations and skills. It provides for the transfer of training into real life.

Hypothesise Apply Illustrate Change Choose **Imitate** Classify Manipulate Demonstrate Modify Develop Organise Discover Predict Dramatise Prepare

Produce
Relate
Restructure
Sequence
Select
Show
Solve
Use

Examples:

Objective:

Participants will be able to discover the leadership development needs of organisations develop

appropriate programmes to address those needs, and apply them in real life situations.

Test question:

Based on the following scenario, relate the leadership development needs you detect. Develop a

programme to meet those needs. *Illustrate* how you would implement the programme.

Analysis: The student is involved in the breakdown of the communication into parts so the parts and the relationship between the parts or ideas is made explicit. It should clarify the communication or problem and indicate how it is organised, so the student can solve the problem in the light of conscious knowledge of the parts.

Analyse Depict Outline
Break Down Diagram Point Out
Categorise Discriminate Relate To
Compare Distinguish Research
Contrast Map Separate

Examples:

**Objective:** Participants will be able to *distinguish* between various leadership styles.

Test question: Given the following descriptions of how Mary, Joseph, and Otieno conduct themselves as leaders

within their organisations, categorise them according to leadership style. Compare their styles,

and point out strengths and weaknesses in each.

Synthesis: The student solves a problem that requires original creative thinking (at least new to him/her). It represents the combining of elements and parts so that they form a whole. Analysis is a prerequisite since this operation involves the process of working with pieces, parts, and elements. They are arranged so as to constitute a solution, pattern, or structure not clearly present before he began. Some book reports and summaries reflect the use of synthetic skills as well as research papers, lesson plans, and sermons.

Adapt Dramatise Propose Combine Generate Rearrange Compile **Imagine** Reconstruct Compose Integrate Reverse Conjecture Invent Revise Construct Modify Speculate Create Originate Synthesise Design Plan Transform Devise Produce Transmit

Examples:

Objective: Participants will be able to *construct* leadership development proposals for Christian

organisations.

Test question: Imagine yourself the Vice Chancellor of Daystar University. From your understanding of

leadership development, generate a specific plan to modify the institution's leadership to enhance

its goal of producing servant leaders.

**Evaluation:** A student makes a judgement of good or bad, right or wrong, or useful or useless according to standards he designates. There are two steps required: set up appropriate standards or values and determine how closely the idea or object meets the standards. Competent evaluation will require good analysis.

Appraise Discriminate Recommend Evaluate Argue Select Assess Grade Support Compare Judge Test Convince Persuade Value Decide Prioritise/Rank Verify Determine Rate

Examples:

**Objective:** Participants will be able to *evaluate* the effectiveness of leaders.

Test question: Based on your knowledge of Rev. Desmond Tutu, evaluate him as a Church leader. Assess his

strengths and weaknesses, and make recommendations concerning how he might improve his

leadership.